MOCK EXAM 8 MATHEMATICS Compulsory Part PAPER 2

 $(1\frac{1}{4} \text{ hours})$

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Read carefully the instructions on the Answer Sheet.
- 2. When told to open this book, you should check that all the questions are there. Look for the words

'END OF PAPER' after the last question.

- 3. All questions carry equal marks.
- 4. **ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS**. You are advised to use an HB pencil to mark all the answers on the Answer Sheet, so that wrong marks can be completely erased with a clean rubber. You must mark the answers clearly; otherwise you will lose marks if the answers cannot be captured.
- 5. You should mark only **ONE** answer for each question. If you mark more than one answer, you will receive **NO MARKS** for that question.
- 6. No marks will be deducted for wrong answers.

There are 30 questions in Section A and 15 questions in Section B. The diagrams in this paper are not necessarily drawn to scale. Choose the best answer for each question.

Section A

1. $\frac{27^{2n-1}}{9^{3n-1}} =$ A. $\frac{1}{3}$. B. 1. C. 3^{-n} . D. 3^{n} .

2. If
$$\frac{a-b}{2a} = 3 - \frac{2b}{a}$$
, then $a =$
A. $-\frac{7b}{5}$.
B. $-\frac{5b}{7}$.
C. $\frac{3b}{5}$.
D. $\frac{5b}{3}$.

3.
$$m^2 - 3m + 9n - 9n^2 =$$

A. $(m - 3n)(m + 3n - 3)$.
B. $(m - 3n)(m - 3n - 3)$.
C. $(m + 3n)(m + 3n + 3)$.
D. $(m + 3n)(m - 3n + 3)$.

4.
$$\frac{1}{4x+3} - \frac{1}{4x-3} =$$

A. $\frac{6}{16x^2-9}$.
B. $\frac{6}{9-16x^2}$.
C. $\frac{8x}{16x^2-9}$.
D. $\frac{8x}{9-16x^2}$.

- 5. The solution of 5 + x < 3x 3 or 5 3x > 2 is
 - A. *x* < 1.
 - B. x > 4.
 - C. 1 < x < 4.
 - D. x < 1 or x > 4.
- 6. Let $f(x) = 2x^2 7x + k$, where k is a constant. If f(x) is divisible by x 5, find the remainder when f(x) is divided by 2x 1.
 - A. –18
 - B. -11
 - C. 12
 - D. 19
- 7. Which of the following statements about the graph of $y = -16 + (x 4)^2$ is true?
 - A. The graph does not cut the *x*-axis.
 - B. The graph opens downwards..
 - C. The y-intercept of the graph is -16.
 - D. The graph passes through the origin.

8. Let f(x) = (x + 2)(x + a), where *a* is a constant. If f(1) = f(5), then f(a) = f(5)

- A. -8.
- B. 0.
- C. 48.
- D. 96.
- A sum of \$5 000 is deposited at an interest rate of 3% per annum for 2 years, compounded quarterly. Find the interest correct to the nearest dollar.
 - A. \$300
 - B. \$304
 - C. \$307
 - D. \$308
- 10. If the arc length and the area of a sector are 3π m and 15π m² respectively, then the radius of the sector is
 - A. 10 m
 - B. 15 m
 - C. 20 m
 - D. 25 m
- - A. 6:4:3.
 - B. 4:6:3.
 - C. 3:4:2.
 - D. 2:4:3.

12. It is given that y is the sum of two parts, one part is a constant and the other part varies as x^2 .

When x = 1, y = 11 and when x = 2, y = 20. If x = 3, then y =

- A. 17.
- B. 26.
- C. 35.
- D. 75.
- 13. There are packets of salt. The weight of salt in a packet is measured as 100 g correct to the nearest g. If *n* packets of salt are packed into a bag such that the weight of salt in each bag is measured as 15 kg correct to the nearest kg, find the least possible value of *n*.
 - A. 144
 - B. 145
 - C. 150
 - D. 155
- 14. Let a_n be the *n*th term of a sequence. If $a_4 = 19$, $a_7 = 81$ and $a_{n+2} = a_n + a_{n+1}$ for any positive integer *n*, Then $a_2 =$
 - A. 5
 - B. 7
 - C. 12
 - D. 31
- 15. The base radius of a right circular cylinder is 3 times the base radius of a right circular cone while the height of the circular cone is 2 times the height of the circular cylinder. If the volume of the circular cylinder is 324π cm³, then the volume of the circular cone is
 - A. $12\pi \text{ cm}^3$.
 - B. 24π cm³.
 - C. $27\pi \text{ cm}^3$.
 - D. $486\pi \text{ cm}^3$.

- 16. In the figure, *ABC* and *CDE* are equilateral triangles of side 100 cm and 90 cm respectively. *F* is the intersection of *BC* and *DE*. Find *FB*.
 - A. 10 cm.
 - B. 15 cm.
 - C. 19 cm.
 - D. 20 cm.



17. In the figure, AB = AC and AB //CD. *E* is the point of intersection of *AD* and *BC*. If $\angle AEB = 98^{\circ}$ and

- $\angle ADC = 30^{\circ}$, then $\angle CAD =$ A. 44°. B. 46°. C. 48°. D. 50°. A. 50°.
- 18. The figure shows a right prism. Find the volume of the prism.
 - A. 1152 cm^3 .
 - B. 1440 cm^3 .
 - C. 1800 cm^3 .
 - D. 2880 cm^3 .



- 19. In the figure, the length of the line segment joining A and H is
 - A. 6.
 - B. 8.
 - C. 9.
 - D. 10.



20. In the figure, ABCD is a semicircle. If $\angle DAC = 34^{\circ}$ and $\overrightarrow{DC} : \overrightarrow{CB} = 2 : 1$, then $\angle ADC =$

- A. 107°.
- B. 112°.
- C. 124°.
- D. 129°.



- 21. In the figure, *ABCD* is a parallelogram. *E* is a point lying on *BC* such that BE : EC = 2 : 3. *F* is a point lying on *CD* such that CF : FD = 3 : 5. *AE* and *BF* intersect at the point *G* such that EG : GA = 1 : 3. If the area of $\triangle ABG$ is 12 cm², then the area of the quadrilateral *CEGF* is
 - A. 11 cm^2
 - B. 12 cm^2
 - C. 15 cm^2
 - D. 24 cm^2





- 22. If an interior angle of a regular *n*-sided polygon is 8 times an exterior angle of the polygon, which of the following is/are true?
 - I. The value of n is 18.
 - II. Each interior angle of the polygon is 160° .
 - III. The number of folds of rotational symmetry is 18.
 - A. I and II only
 - B. I and III only
 - C. II and III only
 - D. I, II and III

- 23. In the figure, *ABCD* is a rectangle. If *E* is a point lying on *AB* such that $\angle ADE = 30^\circ$, find $\angle BCE$ correct to the nearest degree.
 - A. 33°
 - B. 43°
 - C. 47°
 - D. 57°



- 24. The straight line *L* is perpendicular to the straight line 3x + 4y 10 = 0. If the *y*-intercept of *L* is 6, then the equation of *L* is
 - A. 3x + 4y + 18 = 0.
 - B. 3x + 4y 24 = 0.
 - C. 4x 3y + 18 = 0.
 - D. 4x 3y 24 = 0.

- 25. The rectangular coordinates of the point *P* are $(-\sqrt{3}, 5)$. If *P* is reflected with respect to the straight line
 - y = 2, then the polar coordinates of its image are
 - A. (2, 210°).
 - B. (2, 240°).
 - C. (4, 210°).
 - D. (4, 240°).

26. The equation of the circle C is $3x^2 + 3y^2 - 18x - 24y + 10 = 0$. Which of the following is true?

- A. The area of C is more than 40.
- B. The coordinates of the centre of C are (9, 12).
- C. The origin lies inside *C*.
- D. *C* does not cut the *x*-axis.

- 27. If a diameter of the circle $x^2 + y^2 + kx 14y + 45 = 0$ passes through the points (-3, 9) and (5, 5), then k =
 - A. –5.
 - B. -2.
 - C. 1.
 - D. 7.

28. The bar chart below shows the distribution of the number of children in some families of a building. If a family is randomly selected from the families, find the probability that the selected family has more than one child.



29. The box-and-whisker diagram below shows the distribution of the marks of a test got by a class of students. Find the inter-quartile range of the distribution.



30. Consider the following positive integers:

2 4 5 8 9 10 11 m	n
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Let *a*, *b* and *c* be the mode, the median and the range of the above positive integers respectively. If the mean of the above positive integers is 6, which of the following must be true?

I. a = 4

II.
$$b = 5$$

III. c = 9

- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. I and II only
- D. II and III only

Section B

31. Let k be a positive constant and $-90^{\circ} < \theta < 90^{\circ}$. If the figure shows the graph of $y = \cos(kx^{\circ} + \theta)$, then



- 32. The figure shows the graph of $y = \log_a x$ and the graph of $y = \log_b x$ on the same rectangular coordinate system where *a* and *b* are positive constants. If a vertical line cuts the x-axis, the graph of $y = \log_a x$ and the graph of $y = \log_b x$ at the points *A*, *B* and *C* respectively, which of the following is/are true?
 - I. b > 1
 - II. a < b

III.
$$\frac{AB}{AC} = \log_b a$$

- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. I and III only
- D. II and III only

 $A \xrightarrow{O} B = y = \log_a x$ $C \xrightarrow{Y} = \log_b x$

33. $8^5 + 8^{21} =$

- A. 10000000000100₁₆.
- B. 8000000000800₁₆.
- $C. \quad 100000000001000_{16}.$
- D. 80000000008000₁₆.

- 34. The graph in the figure shows the linear relation between $\log_4 y$ and x. If $y = mn^x$, then m =
 - A. 3.
 - B. 4.
 - C. 12.
 - D. 64.



35. Consider the following system of inequalities:

$$\begin{cases} y + 10 \ge 0 \\ 3x - 5y \ge 0 \\ 4x - y - 34 \le 0 \\ x + y + 16 \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

Let *R* be the region which represents the solution of the above system of inequalities. If (x, y) is a point lying in *R*, then the greatest value of 6x - 5y + 60 is

- A. 30.
- B. 126.
- C. 146.
- D. 150.

- 36. The sum of the 3rd term and the 7th term of a geometric sequence is 246 while the sum of the 5th term and the 9th term of the sequence is 2 214. Find the 13th term of the sequence.
 - A. 19 683
 - B. 59 049
 - C. 177 147
 - D. 531 441

В

C

- 37. If k is a real number, then $5k \frac{4 + ki}{i} =$
 - 4k + 4i. A.
 - B. 4k - 4i.
 - C. 6k + 4i.
 - D. 6k - 4i.
- 38. The figure shows the rectangle ABCD where AB = 1000 cm and BC = 603 cm. Let E, F and G be points lying on AB, AD and CD respectively such that AE = 320 cm AF = 315 cm and CG = 400 cm. Denote the point of intersection of CF and EG by H. Find BH correct to the nearest cm.

A

F

E

Ĥ

G

- 658 cm A.
- B. 659 cm
- C. 660 cm
- D. 661 cm



D



40. In the figure, TA is a tangent to the circle ABCDE at the point A. If $\angle DAT = 50^{\circ}$, $\angle ADC = 64^{\circ}$ and

 $\angle BAC = 18^{\circ}$, then $\angle BED =$

- A. 66°.
- B. 84°.
- C. 98°.
- D. 102°



- 41. Let *O* be the origin. The coordinates of the points *P* and *Q* are (p, 0) and (0, q) respectively, where *p* and *q* are positive numbers. If the circumcentre of $\triangle OPQ$ lies on the straight line 2x + 3y = 3p, then p : q =
 - A. 2:3.
 - B. 3:4
 - C. 3:5
 - D. 4:3

- 42. 0, 2, 4, 6 and 8 are known as even digits while 1, 3, 5, 7 and 9 are known as odd digits. The first digit of an eight-digit phone number is either 6 or 9. If the remaining digits are formed by a permutation of all digits (including 6 and 9), how many different eight-digit phone numbers with at least 3 even digits can be formed?
 - A. 1 108 800
 - B. 1159200
 - C. 1 209 600
 - D. 20 000 000

- 43. There are four questions in quiz. The probabilities that Peter answers the questions correctly are $\frac{1}{2}$,
 - $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{6}$ and $\frac{1}{8}$ respectively. The probability that Peter answers at most 3 questions correctly in the quiz is
 - A. $\frac{1}{384}$. B. $\frac{1}{24}$. C. $\frac{367}{384}$. D. $\frac{383}{384}$.
- 44. In an examination, the mean score of the examination is 65 marks. A girl gets 33 marks and her standard score is -4. If the standard score of a boy in the examination is 3, then his examination score is
 - A. 8 marks.
 - B. 78 marks.
 - C. 89 marks.
 - D. 97 marks.
- 45. If the variance of the four numbers x_1 , x_2 , x_3 , and x_4 is 18, then the variance of the four numbers $4x_1 + 5$, $4x_2 + 5$, $4x_3 + 5$ and $4x_4 + 5$ is
 - A. 72.
 - B. 77.
 - C. 288.
 - D. 293.

END OF PAPER